KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATIIAN, JAIPUR REGION

First Pre-Board EXAM 2023-24

CLASS X Duration: 3 hrs SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS - STANDARD (041) Max.Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.

6.Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with subparts

of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.

7.All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been

provided in the 2marks questions of Section E

8.Draw neat figures wherever required. Take π =22/7 wherever required if not stated.

R.Di	raw neat figures wherever required. Take π =22/1 wherever required in the	
0,0	SECTION A	
	Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.	1
1.	In a formula racing competition, the time taken by two racing cars A and B to complete 1 round of the track is 30 minutes and p minutes respectively. If the cars meet again at the starting point for the first time after 90 minutes and the HCF (30, p) = 15, then the value of p is (a) 45 minutes (b) 60 minutes (c) 75 minutes (d) 180 minutes	
	Col. Collowing pair of equation is:	1,
2.	The solution of the following pair of equation is:	
	x - 3y = 2, $3x - y = 14(a) x = 5, y = 1 (b) x = 2, y = 3 (c) x = 1, y = 2$	
	2 1 July 2 July 2 1 J	1

_	If two positive integers a and b are written as a	$a = x^3y^2$ and $b = xy^3$, when	re x and y are prime
3.	If two positive integers a and b are without		
	numbers, then the HCF (a, b) is:	(c) $x^3 v^3$	$(d) x^2 y^2$

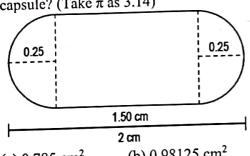
(a) xy

(b) xy^2

(c) x^3y^3

			1 (5 () :		
4.	The ratio in which x-axis di	vides the join of (2	(c) 1: 3	(d) 1: 5	
	(a) 1: 2 (b) 3). T	(-)		

capsule? (Take π as 3.14)



(a) 0.785 cm²

(b) 0.98125 cm²

(c) 2.7475 cm^2

(d) 3.14 cm^2

		- a lamp post and ca	acts shadow of 4.8 m on the
7.	A 1.6 m tall girl stands at distance of 3.2 m from	m a famp post and ea	ists shadow or make
' '	ground, then the height of the lamp post is		
l	ground, then the neight of the Am	(c) 6 m	(d) 8/3 m

tan0 ~ cotθ

(a) $\cos \theta \sin \theta$

(b) $\sec \theta \sin \theta$

(c) $\tan \theta \cot \theta$

(d) $\sec \theta \csc \theta$

1

1

	Runs Scored			ntches are giv			
	Frequency	0.15	15-30	30-45	45=60	60-75	75-90
	The lower limit of th	e median olas	la la	(8	8	3
10,	(0) 15	(b) 30		(e) 45		(d) 60	
	$(a)\frac{EF}{PR} = \frac{DF}{PQ}$	RP	PQ	$(c)\frac{1}{Q}$	which of the $\frac{R}{R} = \frac{DP}{PQ}$	following is n (d) <u>RP</u>	of true? = DK QR
u,	In the given figure, if	AB = 14 cm,	then the value	of tan 1) lø;		A STATE OF THE STA	
	A 13.500 5	cm					
2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{(a)} & \frac{4}{3} \\ \end{array}$	(b) $\frac{14}{3}$		(e) $\frac{B}{3}$		(d) <u>1</u>	3
-	Two cubes each with 6 (a) 180 cm ²	cm edge are j (b) 360 cm²	olned end to c	end, The surfa (c) 300 cm²	ce area of the	resulting cubo	old Is
3.	A cone, a hemisphere a volumes is (a) 1:2:3	nd cylinder ar	e of the same	base and of the	0.000	(0) 200 0	11*
	.,	(0) 2 : 1 : 3		(c) 3:1:2		20	
. (The probability of gettin (a) 7 (l	g n bnd egg in	n a lot of 400 i	8 0,035. The i	number of bag	Leage to the L	;]
					our or out	(d) 28	ot is
	f $\sqrt{3} \sin 0 - \cos 0 = 0$ and a) 30°	$0^{\circ} < 0 < 90$	o, find the val	ue of 0.			
	Find the value of k for w (b)) 45	(c) 60°		(d) 90°	
In	the below figure, the m	olu - Cı	(*)			(d) 5	
ci	n the below figure, the pentre O are perpendiculated is	r to each othe	s AP and AQ or and length o	lrawn from ar f each tangent	external points 5 cm. The	nt A to a circle n radius of the	with
		5 cm					
		^8	••				
	10 cm (b) 7	W/					

(c) 5:7

(d) 3:5

1		
/ A	SSERTION REASON BASED QUESTIONS:	
lı	the question number 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R).	
C	hoose the correct answer out of the following choices	
	a)Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).	
	b)Both A and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).	
	e)(A) is true but (R) is false.	
- -9	d)(A) is false but (R) is true. $\frac{d}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{dx}{dx$	
	Assertion (A): If $x = 2 \sin^2 \theta$ and $y = 2 \cos^2 \theta + 1$ then the value of $x + y = 3$.	
ŀ	Reason (R): For any value of 0, $\sin^2 0 + \cos^2 0 = 1$	+
. 7	Assertion (A): The length of the minute hand of a clock is 7 cm. Then the area swept by the	
١.	ninuta hand in 5 minuta in 77/6 cm ²	
١,	Reason (R): The length of an arc of a sector of angle θ and radius r is given by $l = \frac{\theta}{360^{\circ}} \times 2\pi r$	
	CECTION P	
	SECTION B	
	Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.] :
	Find the point on y-axis which is equidistant from the points $(5, -2)$ and $(-3, 2)$.	1
2.	X is a point on the side BC of \triangle ABC. XM and XN are drawn parallel to AB and AC respectively	
	X is a point on the side BC of \triangle ABC. All and AR are claim partially and AC in M. MN produced meets CB produced at T. Prove that $TX^2 = TB \times TC$.	
	the frame a jar that contains only blue, black and	
3.	The probability of selecting a blue marble at random from a jar that contains only blue, black and green marbles is 1/5. The probability of selecting a black marble at random from the same jar is 1/4.	
	green marbles is 1/5. The probability of selecting a black marble division of the jar. If the jar contains 11 green marbles, find the total number of marbles in the jar.	
	If the jar contains 11 green marbles, find the total number of the same of the	+
4.	In figure PA and PB are tangents to the circle drawn from an external point P. CD is the third	
4.	In figure PA and PB are tangents to the circle at A and A are tange	1
	tangent touching me ones and	-
	A C	
	Ac	
	A C P	
	A C P	
	B D OP	
	B D OP	
	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle	
2.5	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle	
25	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions:	
25	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)?	
225	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son.	
25	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present?	
25	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C	
25	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C	
	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into	
26.	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into	
26.	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into four equal parts. ISPO is a tengent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter	
26.	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that ∠POR = 120°, then find OP and PQ.	
26. 27.	OR Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that ∠POR = 120°, then find OP and PQ.	
26. 27.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7$, $(k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3$ $(2k - 1)$? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A $(-2, 2)$ and B $(2, 8)$ into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that \angle POR = 120° , then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{p^2 - 1}{p^2 + 1}$	
26. 27.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7$, $(k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3$ $(2k - 1)$? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A $(-2, 2)$ and B $(2, 8)$ into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that \angle POR = 120°, then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{p^2 - 1}{P^2 + 1}$ OR	
26. 27. 28.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3 (2k - 1)?$ OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A (-2, 2) and B (2, 8) into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that $\angle POR = 120^{\circ}$, then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{p^2 - 1}{P^2 + 1}$ OR	
26. 27. 28.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7$, $(k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3$ $(2k - 1)$? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A $(-2, 2)$ and B $(2, 8)$ into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that \angle POR = 120° , then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{P^2 - 1}{P^2 + 1}$ OR If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{3}$, then prove that $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 1$. Daily wages of 110 workers, obtained in a survey, are tabulated below:	
26. 27. 28.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7$, $(k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3$ $(2k - 1)$? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A $(-2, 2)$ and B $(2, 8)$ into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that $\angle POR = 120^\circ$, then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{P^2 - 1}{P^2 + 1}$ OR If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{3}$, then prove that $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 1$. Daily wages of 110 workers, obtained in a survey, are tabulated below: Daily Wages (in Rs.) 100-120 120-140 140-160 160-180 180-200 200-220 220-240 130-140 140-160 160-180 180-200 200-220 220-240 130-140 140-160 160-180 180-200 200-220 220-240 130-140 140-160 160-180 180-200 200-220 220-240	
26. 27. 28.	Two concentric circles are of radii 8 cm and 5 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. For what value of k, the following system of equations have infinite solutions: $2x - 3y = 7$, $(k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3$ $(2k - 1)$? OR Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present? SECTION C Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining A $(-2, 2)$ and B $(2, 8)$ into four equal parts. If PQ is a tangent drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter where length of QOR is 8 cm such that \angle POR = 120° , then find OP and PQ. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, prove that $\sin \theta = \frac{P^2 - 1}{P^2 + 1}$ OR If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{3}$, then prove that $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 1$. Daily wages of 110 workers, obtained in a survey, are tabulated below:	

Solve the following linear equations:	
152y - 378y = -74 and $-378y + 152y = -604$	
The sum of the 5th and the 9th terms of an AP is 50. If its 25th term is three times its 8th term, find	3
OR	
Whe ratio of the sum of first n terms of two AP's is $(7n + 1)$: $(4n + 27)$, find the ratio of their mth terms.	
Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each	1 -
height and same diameter is hollowed out. Find the total surface area of the remaining solid to the newnest cur?	5
OR	The Control of the Co
Rashext gov a playing top (lattu) as his birthday present, which surprisingly had no colour on it. He wanted to colour it with his crayons. The top is shaped like a cone surmounted by a hemisphere.	
A motor boat whose speed is 15 by he is a 20 and the top is 3.5 cm. Find the area he has to colour.	100
hours 30 minutes. Find the speed of the stream.	5
State and prove Basic Proyectional Theorem.	15
The lower window of a house is at a baight of 2 m of and	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH
Vertically above the lower wholey. At certain instant, the analysis of the ground and its upper window is 4 m	5
there which we are observed to be 60% and 20% more angles of elevation of a balloon from	
the around	
OR	Section 1
From the top of a 60 m high building, the angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a tower	Control of the Contro
$\frac{1}{2}$ and or respectively. Find the height of the tower. [Take $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$]	
SECTION E	9
Section E consists of 3 Case Studies of 4 marks each	
Sinvalii fook a pack of \$2 cands. She kept aside all the black face can's and shuffled the remaining	e de la constante de la consta
1 2 2 K 2 2 E	de garante est de mandra de la constante de la
	To A Edward Street
	No Comments of the
enoitesup shinollos answer the following questions.	
(1) WHE HE HIMOST OF ROAD PARAMETER OF TANKE	1
the cont is a sect of the result of the sect of the section of the secti	No.
	,
What is the bropapilit, of Easing neights a plack congress on we court,	
	The sum of the 5th and the 9th terms of an AP is 30, If its 25th term is three times its 8th term, find the AP. OR If the ratio of the sum of first n terms of an AP is 30, If its 25th term is three times its 8th term, find the AP. OR If the ratio of the sum of first n terms of two AP's is (7n + 1); (4n + 27), find the ratio of their mth terms. SECTION D Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each From a solid cylinder whose height is 2.4 cm and diameter 1.4 cm, a conical cavity of the same height and same diameter is hollowed out. Find the total surface area of the remaining solid to the namest to colour it with his crayous. The top is shaped like a cone surmounted by a hemisphere. The centive by is 5, run is height and the diameter of the top is 3.5 cm. Find the area he has to colour. A motor beat whose speed is 15 km br in still water goes 30 km downstream and comes back in 4 hours. 30 minutes. Find the speed of the stream. State and prove Basic Proportional Theorem. The lower window of a house is at a height of 2 m above the ground and its upper window is 4 m vertically above the lower window. At certain instant, the angles of elevation of a balloon from those windows are observed to be 60° and 30°, respectively. Find the height of the balloon above the ground. Proon the top of a 60 m high building, the angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a tower are 45° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the tower. [Take √3 = 1.73] SECTION E Section E consists of 3 Case Studies of 4 marks each Shivani took a pack of 52 cards. She kept aside all the black face cards and shuffled the remaining cards well.

In the month of April to June 2022, the exports of passenger cars from India increased by 26% in the corresponding quarter of 2021–22, as per a report. A car manufacturing company planned to produce 1800 cars in 4th year and 2600 cars in 8th year. Assuming that the production increases uniformly by a fixed number every year.



Based on the above information answer the following questions.

- (i) Find the production in the 1st year.
- (ii) Find the production in the 12th year.
- (iii) Find the total production in first 10 years.

OR

In how many years will the total production reach 31200 cars?

Aditya plantations have two rectangular fields of the same width but different lengths. They are required to plant 168 trees in the smaller field and 462 trees in the larger field. In both fields, the trees will be planted in the same number of rows but in different number of columns.



- (i) What is the maximum number of rows in which the trees can be planted in each of the fields?
- (ii) If the trees are planted in the number of rows obtained in part (i), how many columns will each field have?
- (iii) If total cost of planted trees in one column is Rs. 500, then find the cost to plant the trees in smaller field.

OR

If the total cost of planted trees in one column is Rs. 500, the find the cost to plant the trees in larger field.

2

1

SET I

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAIPUR REGION <u>MARKING SCHEME</u>

I Pre-Board EXAMINATION: 2023-24

CLASS X Max.Marks: 80 STANDARD Set-A

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS - STANDARD (041)

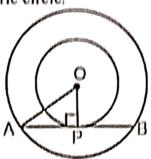
Duration: 3 hrs

MET

		Datation: 5 nrs
	SECTION	
	SECTION A Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each	/
1.	- Thank each	1.
		1
2.	A A	1
3.	В	1
4.		
	A	1
5.	» В	1
6.	D	1
7.	D	1
8.	A	1
9.	С	1
10.	В	1
11.	A	1
12.	B •	1
13.	A	1
14.	В	1
15.	A	1
16.	A	1
17.	С	1
18.	A	1
19.	A	1
20.	В	1

	SECTION B		
	Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.		E
21.	Ans: Let point on y-axis be $(0, a)$ Now distance of this point from $(5, -2)$ is equal to distance from point $(-3, 2)$	1/2	Bullet
	i.e., $\sqrt{5^2 + (-2 - a)^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + (a - 2)^2}$	1/2	
	Squaring and simplifying, we get $25 + 4 + a^2 + 4a = 9 + a^2 + 4 - 4a \Rightarrow 8a = -16 \Rightarrow a = -2$		
~	Hence, the required point is $(0, -2)$	17	ź
22.	Ans: In $\triangle TXM$, $XM \parallel BN \Rightarrow \frac{TB}{TX} = \frac{TN}{TM}$ (1)	1	
	A		
	N M		
	T B X C		
	In $\triangle TMC$, $\frac{TX}{TC} = \frac{TN}{TM}$ (2)	1/2	
r F	From 1 and 2, we have $\frac{TB}{TX} = \frac{TX}{TC} \Rightarrow TX^2 = TB \times TC$	1/2	
23.	Ans: Let A be the event of getting blue marbles, B be the event of getting black marbles and C be the event of getting green marbles. $P(A) = 1/5$, $P(B) = 1/4$		
	$P(C) = 1 - [P(A) + P(B)] = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = 1 - \frac{4+5}{20} = 1 - \frac{9}{20} = \frac{11}{20}$		
,	$\Rightarrow \frac{11}{x} = \frac{11}{20} \text{ (Assume x be the total number of marbles)}$ $\Rightarrow x = 20$	1	
	\Rightarrow x = 20 Hence, Total number of marbles in the jar = 20.		
4.	Ans: Since, PA and PB are tangent from same and	1	
	∴ PA = PB = 15 cm Now, perimeter of ΔPCD = PC + CD + DP = PC + CQ + QD+ DP	1/2	
	= PC + CA + DB + DP = PA + PB = 15 + 15 = 30 cm	1/2	
	R S	½ ½	
- 1	OR		

Ans: Let O be the center of the concentric circle.



Let AB be the chord of larger circle touching the smaller circle at P.

Here, OA = 8 cm, OP = 5 cm

Since AB is tangent of P to the smaller circle and OP is the radius of the smaller circle,

∴ OP ⊥ AB.

In right triangle APO, we have

$$OA^2 = AP^2 + OP^2 \Rightarrow (8)^2 = AP^2 + (5)^2 \Rightarrow AP^2 = 64 - 25 = 39$$

$$\Rightarrow AP = \sqrt{39}$$
 cm

Hence, Length of the chord of largest circle AB = $2 \times$ AP = $2 \sqrt{39}$ cm

1 1

1/4

1/4

Ans: Here, $a_1 = 2$, $b_1 = -3$, $c_1 = -7$

$$a_2 = (k+2), b_2 = -(2k+1), c_2 = -3(2k-1)$$

We know that the condition of infinite solution, $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$

1

1

1/2

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{k+2} = \frac{3}{2k+1} = \frac{7}{3(2k-1)} \Rightarrow 4k+2 = 3k+6 \Rightarrow k=4$$

OR

Sumit is 3 times as old as his son. Five years later, he shall be two and a half time as old as his son. How old is Sumit at present?

Ans: Let present age of Sumit be x years and present age of his son be y years.

$$\therefore x = 3y \Rightarrow x - 3y = 0 ...(i)$$

After 5 years, Age of Sumit = (x + 5) years

Age of his son = (y + 5) years

According to the question,

$$(x + 5) = 2\frac{1}{2}(y + 5)$$

У.

$$\Rightarrow (x+5) = \frac{5}{2} (y+5)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + 10 = 5y + 25 \Rightarrow 2x - 5y = 15 ...(ii)$$

From equation (i) and (ii), we get y = 15

Putting y = 15 in equation (i), we get $x = 3 \times 15 = 45$ years

: Sumit is 45 years old at present.

%

1/2

TI

Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each

26.

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

Since, Q divides the line segment AB into two equal parts, i.e., Q is the mid-point of AB.

∴ Coordinates of Q are
$$\left(\frac{-2+2}{2}, \frac{2+8}{2}\right) = (0,5)$$

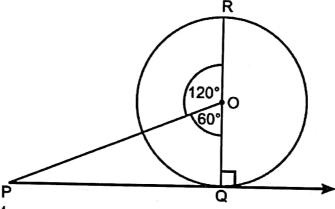
Now, P divides AQ into two equal parts i.e., P is the mid-point of AQ.

$$\therefore$$
 Coordinates of P are $\left(\frac{-2+0}{2}, \frac{2+5}{2}\right) = \left(-1, \frac{7}{2}\right)$

Again, R is the mid-point of QB.

Coordinates of R are
$$\left(\frac{0+2}{2}, \frac{5+8}{2}\right) = \left(1, \frac{13}{2}\right)$$

27. Ans: Let O be the centre and QOR = 8 cm is diameter of a circle. PQ is tangent such that ∠POR = 120°.



Now,
$$OQ = OR = 8/2 = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle POQ = 180^{\circ} - 120^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$$
 (Linear pair)

Also $OQ \perp PQ$

Now, in right $\triangle POQ$,

$$\cos 60^{\circ} = OQ/PO \Rightarrow 1/2 = OQ/PO$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1/2 = 4/PO \Rightarrow PO = 8 cm

Again,
$$\tan 60^\circ = PQ/OQ \Rightarrow \sqrt{3} = PQ/4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 PQ = $4\sqrt{3}$ cm.

28.

Ans:
$$\frac{p^2 - 1}{p^2 + 1} = \frac{(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^2 - 1}{(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{(\sec^2 \theta - 1) + \tan^2 \theta + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta}{\sec^2 \theta + (\tan^2 \theta + 1) + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta} = \frac{\tan^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta}{\sec^2 \theta + \sec^2 \theta + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta}$$

$$= \frac{2\tan^2 \theta + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta}{2\sec^2 \theta + 2\sec \theta \tan \theta} = \frac{2\tan \theta (\tan \theta + \sec \theta)}{2\sec \theta (\sec \theta + \tan \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{2\tan \theta}{2\sec \theta} = \tan \theta \times \cos \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \times \cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

OR

	Ans	$\sin\theta + \cos\theta$	$=\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow (\sin\theta)$	4.0000	12 2			
		$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta$ $\Rightarrow 1 + 2\sin \theta \cos \theta = \theta$ $\Rightarrow \sin \theta \cos \theta = \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta}$ $\Rightarrow \tan \theta + \cot \theta$	$\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$ $8\theta = 3 \Rightarrow 2\sin\theta$ $1 = \sin^2\theta + \cos\theta$ $\frac{\cos^2\theta}{\cos\theta} = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$	$\theta = 3$ $\theta \cos \theta$	= 2	+ cot 0		1
29.	F	For correct ta	bla					1
		2 11	Number of Workers (f _i)	<i>x</i> ₁	 u ₁	fµ1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1 1/2
		100-120	10	110	-3	-30		
		120-140	15	130	-2	-30		
		140-160	20	150	-1	-20		
		160-180	22	170	0	0		
		180–200	18	190	1	18	26.00	
		200-220	12	210	2	24	Mean daily wages	
		220–240	13	230	3	39	$= 170 + \frac{1}{110} \times 20$	1
		Total	110			1	= ₹170.19 (approx.)	1/2
30	30. Ans: We have, $152x - 378y = -74$ (i) $-378x + 152y = -604$ (ii) Adding equation (i) and (ii), we get $\Rightarrow -226(x + y) = -678$ $\Rightarrow x + y = 3$ (iii) Subtracting equation (ii) from (i), we get $530x - 530y = 530$ $\Rightarrow x - y = 1$ (iv) Adding equations (iii) and (iv), we get $2x = 4 \Rightarrow x = 2$ Putting the value of x in (iii), we get $2 + y = 3 \Rightarrow y = 1$ Hence, the solution of given system of equations is $x = 2$, $y = 1$.						: 2	1
							x = 2, y = 1.	1
Hence, the solution of given system of equations is $x = 2$, $y = 3$. Ans: According to question, $a5 + a9 = 30$ $\Rightarrow (a + 4d) + (a + 8d) = 30$ $\Rightarrow 2a + 12d = 30 \Rightarrow a + 6d = 15$ $\Rightarrow a = 15 - 6d(i)$ Also, $a25 = 3a8 \Rightarrow a + 24d = 3(a + 7d)$ $\Rightarrow a + 24d = 3a + 21d \Rightarrow 2a = 3d$ Putting the value of a form (i), we have								1/2
	5.	2 (15 – 6d) =	$3d \Rightarrow 30 - 12d$	= 3d				

T

The AP will be 3, 5, 7, 9....

OR

1

1

1/2

1

1

11/2

1

If the ratio of the sum of first n terms of two AP's is (7n + 1): (4n + 27), find the ratio of their mth terms.

Ans:

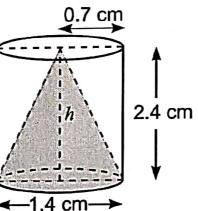
Ans:
$$\frac{S_n}{S_n'} = \frac{\frac{n}{2}(2a + (n-1)d)}{\frac{n}{2}(2a' + (n-1)d')} = \frac{7n+1}{4n+27} \implies \frac{a + \frac{n-1}{2}d}{a' + \frac{n-1}{2}d'} = \frac{7n+1}{4n+27}$$

Since
$$\frac{t_m}{t'_m} = \frac{a + (m-1)d}{a' + (m-1)d'}$$
, So replacing $\frac{n-1}{2}$ by $m-1 \Rightarrow n$ by $2m-1$ in (i)
$$= \frac{a + (m-1)d}{a' + (m-1)d'} = \frac{7(2m-1)+1}{4(2m-1)+27} \Rightarrow \frac{t_m}{t'_m} = \frac{14m-6}{8m+23}$$

SECTION D

Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each

32. Ans: We have, Radius of the cylinder = 1.4/2 = 0.7 cm Height of the cylinder = 2.4 cm Also, radius of the cone = 0.7 cm and height of the cone = 2.4 cm



Now, slant height of the cone = 1

Now,
$$l^2 = (0.7)^2 + (2.4)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow l^2 = 0.49 + 5.76 = 6.25 \Rightarrow l = 2.5 \text{ cm}$$

:. Total surface area of the remaining solid

= CSA of cylinder + CSA of the cone + area of upper circular base of cylinder

$$= 2\pi rh + \pi rl + \pi r^2 = \pi r(2h + l + r)$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 0.7 \times [2 \times 2.4 + 2.5 + 0.7] = 22 \times 0.1 \times (4.8 + 2.5 + 0.7)$$

$$= 2.2 \times 8.0 = 17.6 \text{ cm}^2 = 18 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (approx.)}$$

OR

W	W						
	Ans: Radius of hemispherical portion of the lattu = Radius of the conical portion, $r = \frac{3.5}{2} = \frac{7}{4}$ cm						
		3.5 cm					
	- 1	Height of the conical portion, $h = \left(5 - \frac{3.5}{2}\right) = \frac{13}{4}cm$	1/2				
		Slant height of the conical part, $l = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$					
		$\Rightarrow l = \sqrt{\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{13}{4}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{218}{4}} = 3.69 cm \approx 3.7 cm$	1				
	1	Total surface area of the top = $2\pi r^2 + \pi r l = \pi r (2r + l) = \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{4} \left(2 \times \frac{7}{4} + 3.7\right) = 39.6 cm^2$	3				
-	33.	Ann. Let the speed of the stream be x km/hr	1/2				
		Then Speed of boat downstream = $(15 + x) \text{ km/m}$	1/2				
		Speed of boat upstream = $(13 - x)$ km/m	/2				
		According to the question, $\frac{30}{15+x} + \frac{30}{15-x} = 4\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$	2				
		$\Rightarrow \frac{30(15-x)+30(15+x)}{(15+x)(15-x)} = \frac{9}{2}$					
		900 9 $x_1 = x_2 = x_1 = x_2 = x_2 = x_3 = x_3 = x_4 = x_4 = x_5 $	1½				
		$\Rightarrow \frac{900}{225 - x^2} = \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow 200 = 225 - x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = 25$					
		$225 - x^2 $ 2 $\Rightarrow x = 5 \text{ (x is the speed of the stream and thus cannot have negative value)}$	1/2				
		Thus, the speed of the stream is 5 km/hr.	1				
	34.	Statement	1½ 2½				
		Construction, To Prove, Figure Correct Proof	2/2				
	35.	Ans: Let P and Q be the position of windows respectively.					
		Let $AB = x m$ and $CQ = y m$					
		')					
		\int_{C}					
	14	y m					
		2000	11/2				
		Q x m					
	8	4 m					
		$P = 60^{\circ} \times m = P'$					
		2 m					
	3	A x m					

M

V	Tr
Now, in $\triangle QQ'C$, we have $\tan 30^{\circ} = \frac{CQ'}{QQ'} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{y}{x}$	V
$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{3}y(i)$	1
Also, in $\triangle CP'P$ we have $\tan 60^\circ = \frac{CP'}{PP'} \Rightarrow \sqrt{3} = \frac{y+4}{\sqrt{3}y}$	1/2
$\Rightarrow 3y = y + 4 & 2y = 4$ $\Rightarrow y = 2m$	1
$\Rightarrow \text{Height of the balloon} = (y + 4 + 2) \text{ m} = (2 + 4 + 2) \text{ m} = 8\text{m}$ OR	1/2
Ans: Let the height of the building be $AE = 60$ m, the height of the tower is 'h'. The distance between the base of the building and the tower be 'd'.	1/2
60° 45° C 60° m	1½
In $\triangle ADE$, $\tan 60^{\circ} = \frac{AE}{DE} \Rightarrow \sqrt{3} = \frac{60}{d} \Rightarrow d = \frac{60}{\sqrt{3}} = 20\sqrt{3}$ BC = $20\sqrt{3} = 20 \times 1.73 = 34.60 \text{ m}$	1 1/2
In $\triangle ABC$, $\tan 45^{\circ} = \frac{AC}{BC} \Rightarrow 1 = \frac{AC}{34.60}$	1
$\Rightarrow AC = 34.60 \text{ m}$ Now, height of tower = AE - AC = $60 - 34.60 = 25.4 \text{ m}$	
SECTION E	1
Section E consists of 3 Case Studies of 4 marks each	
Ans: (1) Total possible outcomes $= 52 - 6 = 46$	1
(11) Number of favourable outcomes = 6	
P(face card) = 6/46 = 3/23 (iii) Number of black cards in the shuffled cards = 13 + 7 - 20	1

125	Section E consists of 3 Case Studies of 4 marks each	
36.	Ans: (i) Total possible outcomes = $52 - 6 = 46$ (ii) Number of favourable outcomes = 6	1
	P(face card) = 6/46 = 3/23	1
	(iii) Number of black cards in the shuffled cards = $13 + 7 = 20$ P(black card) = $20/46 = 10/23$	1
	Number of block and the second of the second	1
	Number of black cards and ace = $20 + 2 = 22$ \therefore Number of favourable outcomes = $46 - 22 = 24$	1/2
I Transport	P(neither a black card nor an ace) = $24/46 = 12/23$	1
9-49		1/2

Ans: (i) Since the production increases uniformly by a fixed number every year, the number of C manufactured in 1st, 2nd, 3rd,, years will form an AP		
manufactured in 1st, 2nd, 3rd,, years will form an AP.		
So, $a + 3d = 1800 & a + 7d = 2600$		
So $d = 200 \& a = 1200$		
(ii) $a_{12} = a + 11d \Rightarrow a_{30} = 1200 + 11 \times 200$		
$\Rightarrow a_{12} = 3400$		
(iii) $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d] \Rightarrow S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} [2 \times 1200 + (10-1) \times 200]$	1	
$\Rightarrow S_{10} = 5[2400 + 1800] = 5 \times 4200 = 21000$	1	
OR		
$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d] = 31200$		
$2^{1/2} \cdot (1/4)^{1/4} = 31200$	1/2	
$ \rightarrow {}^{n} [2 \times 1200 \times (n-1) \times 2003 \times 21000 $	'	
$\Rightarrow \frac{n}{2}[2 \times 1200 + (n-1) \times 200] = 31200$		
77		
$\Rightarrow \frac{n}{2} \times 200[12 + (n-1)] = 31200$		
$\Rightarrow n[12 + (n-1)] = 312$		
$\Rightarrow n^2 + 11n - 312 = 0$		
$\Rightarrow n^2 + 24n - 13n - 312 = 0$	1/2	
$\Rightarrow (n+24)(n-13) = 0$	1/2	
$\Rightarrow n = 13 \text{ or } -24.$	/2	
As n can't be negative. So $n = 13$	1/2	
Ans: (i) The maximum number of rows for two field is HCF of 168 and 462.		
Now $168 = 2^3 \times 3 \times 7$		
$462 = 2 \times 3 \times 7 \times 11$		
\therefore HCF (168, 462) = 2 × 3 × 7 = 42	1	
\therefore Number of rows = 42	1	
(ii) Number of columns in smaller field = $\frac{168}{42}$ = 4	1/2	
462		
Number of columns in larger field = $\frac{462}{42}$ = 11	1/2	
(iii) Number of columns in smaller field = 4		
$\therefore \cos t = \text{Rs. } 4 \times 500 = \text{Rs. } 2000.$		
OR		
Number of columns in larger field = 11	2	
$\therefore \text{ Required cost} = 11 \times 500 = \text{Rs. } 5500$		
Trought of the state of the sta		
, and the state of		